

LARM/MODEMPOOL

TJÄNSTEBESKRIVNING Version 2.7 Juni 2025



The information contained in this manual is subject to change without notice. Generic Mobile makes no warranty of any kind with regard to this material, including, but not limited to, the implied warranty of fitness for a particular purpose. Generic Mobile shall not be liable for errors contained herein or for incidental or consequential damages in connection with the furnishing, performance or use of this material.

Generic Mobile, Minicall and Messit are trademarks owned by Generic Mobile Sweden AB.

All other trademarks, service marks, registered trademarks or registered service marks mentioned in this document are the property of their respective owners.

© 2025 Generic Mobile, Stockholm, Sweden

Preface

This Guide is intended for those who want to develop applications for Generic Mobile's service, MessitTM Larm/Modempool.

In addition to the information provided in this Developer's Guide, you may also need the UCP specification, ETS 300 133-3 by ETSI, which may be downloaded from http://www.etsi.org.

Structure of the document

Introduction contains a short introduction to the two

services.

SMS describes the features of the SMS (Short

Message Service) service and the various

options available.

MinicallTM describes the features of the Minicall

service and the various options available.

The UCP describes the message construction for

protocol operations and results.

Operations describes in detail the operations

available in SMS supported in SMS, the various parameters

used and the possible results of these

operations.

Operations describes in detail the operations available in supported in Minicall, the various

MinicallTM parameters used and the possible results of

41.....

these operations.

Glossary of contains explanations of terms used

terms throughout this Guide.

Error codes describes possible error codes for the

various operations.

i

Typographical conventions

Formatting convention	Type of information
Courier	is the font used for examples.
Bold	is used for parameters and error codes.
Italic	is used for full text explanation to abbreviations in the Glossary of terms and for some text or error messages generated by the system.
Arial	is the font used to produce compact text in some tables.

Table of contents

PRE	EFACE]
Str	ructure of the document	j
Ty	pographical conventions	ii
1	INTRODUCTION	4
2	SMS	5
2.1	Notifications	5
2.2	Deferred delivery	6
2.3	Access to SMS 2.3.1 Send messages from your own computer	6
3	MINICALL	8
3.1	Access to Minicall 3.1.1 Send messages from your own computer	8
4	MESSIT TM LARM/MODEMPOOL WEB APPLICATION	10
5	THE UCP PROTOCOL	11
5.1	Operations and results	11
5.2	Message format description 5.2.1 Header 5.2.2 Operations 5.2.3 Data field 5.2.4 Checksum	13 14 14 14 17
6	VALID OPERATIONS FOR SMS	19
6.1	 5.1. Description of valid operations, SMS 6.1.1 Operations 01, 03 and 30 6.1.2 Call input (01) 6.1.3 Call input with supplementary services operation (03) 6.1.4 SMS Message Transfer operation (30) 	19 19 19 19 20
6.2	SMS Message Transfer operation (30) example	23
7	VALID OPERATIONS FOR MINICALL	27
7.1	Description of valid operations, Minicall 7.1.1 Enquiry operation (00) 7.1.2 Call input operation (01) 7.1.3 Password management operation (07) 7.1.4 Message retrieval operation (14)	27 27 27 27 28

7.2 Description of parameters in each valid operation	32
7.2.1 Call input operation (01)	32

APPENDIX A. GLOSSARY OF TERMS 33

Table of contents

APPENDIX B. ERROR CODES II

1 Introduction

This document contains information about Generic Mobile's service MessitTM Larm/Modempool. The purpose of the document is to provide the required information to those who wish to develop applications around this service.

GSM stands for Global System for Mobile Communication and is the name of the digital mobile telephone system for Europe which also exists in other countries outside Europe. SMS is a service which has been operational in Sweden since May 1994.

Minicall is a pager service which has been in use since 1985. Minicall with Text function was introduced to the public in 1988. Generic Mobile acquire the Minicall paging system from Telia 2002. Generic Mobile has developed the service and today it includes a web-interface with many new features.

SMS and Minicall are useful in various business applications where there is a need to send short text messages to mobile terminals. One useful application may be the sending of messages, via a switchboard operator at the office, to a person who has been asked for but is not immediately accessible. Another application could be the sending of a text message to someone who has a pending fax or e-mail. Automatic sending of messages from alarm centers or supervisory locations is another possible application.

Both SMS and Minicall are based on the same data protocol called UCP (Universal Computer Protocol).

If you want more information about MessitTM Larm/Modempool please contact Generic Mobile's Customer Services on kund@genericmobile.se or +46 8 601 66 66

2 SMS

The SMS service makes it possible to send textual or numerical messages to GSM Mobile Stations (MS). When a message reaches an MS it can be read on its display. The maximum length of a message is 160 characters. It is possible for the message sender to receive a notification as to whether or not the message has reached the recipient.

SMS gives the GSM subscribers the possibility to receive SMS messages. There is no extra charge for this service. This means that all GSM subscribers using Mobile Stations with SMS-functionality, can receive SMS.

2.1 Notifications

When the sender submits a message he can ask for notification. There are three forms of notification:

Delivered The MS message has reached its destination.

Generated message:

1 Meddelande till (abonnentnr): Mottaget¹

Buffered The MS is not accessible. The message is

buffered and will be automatically resent.

The MS is not accessible when it is turned off or when it is not located within the area covered. The message will be stored in the SMSC (Short Message Service Centre) for a maximum of 72 hours – after which it will be deleted. As long as the message is stored, SMSC will automatically try to resend it.

Generated message:

2 Meddelande till (abonnentnr): Lagrat²

Can not be delivered The MS message can not be delivered due to

(specified reason).

Generated message:

3 Meddelande till (abonnentnr): Kan ej skicka

p.g.a fel³

1 Message to (subscriber no.): Received

2 Message to (subscriber no.): Stored

³ 3 Message to (subscriber no.): Cannot be sent owing to fault

In order to get a common interface, Generic Mobile recommends that the above notification texts are shown by the applications.

2.2 Deferred delivery

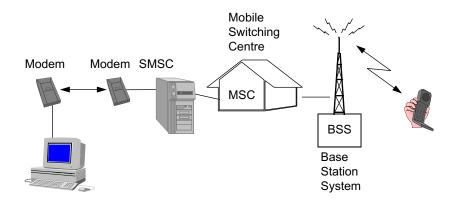
The message sender can specify a desired time of delivery (DDMMYYhhmm), i.e. when SMSC should send the message to the MS. The point of time, which is given in absolute format, can be set to a maximum of seven days ahead of the moment when the message is sent to SMSC.

2.3 Access to SMS

Text messages can be sent from a computer to a MS with SMS functionality. The computer is using an application based on the UCP protocol and a connection to a SMSC, you may send freely composed messages containing a maximum of 160 characters. For computer access, see section Send messages from your own computer

2.3.1 Send messages from your own computer

It is possible to send GSM Text messages from a computer with appropriate software. Please see figure Sending SMS from a computer for a schematic description. The software must be based on the Universal Computer Protocol (UCP), which is described in section 5 in this manual. MessitTM Larm/Modempools access provides via a dialled PSTN connection.



Sending SMS from a computer

In order to use dialled connections within the public network you need a subscription and a modem. The choice of subscription may, for example, depend on the quantity of outgoing messages. Depending on the costumers needs there is nine different telephone numbers for dialled PSTN connection with different fee. In the table below shows a summary:

Index	Access	Number	Baudrate	Price	SMS/
					session
1	PSTN/	+46 740 90 00 00	1.2K - 56K	SEK 150	15
	Modem				
1	PSTN/	+46 740 91 00 00	1.2K - 56K	SEK 150	15
	Modem				
1	PSTN/	+46 740 92 00 00	1.2K - 56K	SEK 150	40
	Modem				
2	PSTN/	+46 740 91 00 90	1.2K - 56K	SEK 150	15
	Modem				
2	PSTN/	+46 740 93 00 00	1.2K - 56K	SEK 150	15
	Modem				
2	PSTN/	+46 740 93 01 00	1.2K - 56K	SEK 150	15
	Modem				
2	PSTN/	+46 740 93 02 00	1.2K - 56K	SEK 150	15
	Modem				
2	PSTN/	+46 740 93 10 00	1.2K - 56K	SEK 150	15
	Modem				

Table 1, Phone number for SMS

⁴ Note

The sender will get a discount if using the special numbers when sending multiple messages. The application could thus minimize the costs by selecting the appropriate telephone number based upon the number of messages to be sent.

Telephone numbers with index 2 also have web interface for spreading messages to e-mail, Minicall or SMS. This allows the user to configure the message routing from time to time and also change the message type. It is possible to choose one of these configuration types:

- 2 Minicall messages
- 1 Minicall message and 5 SMS/e-mail messages
- 15 SMS/e-mail messages

It is also possible via the web interface to schedule when and to who the messages are going to be sent.

⁴ There is also three phone numbers (+46 939 105 60 00, (+46 939 105 61 00, (+46 939 105 62) that can be used. These numbers are old numbers from the former Telia Modempool. These numbers are going to be phased out and we recommend the users changes to a suitable number in table 1

3 Minicall

There are different types of Minicall subscriptions depending on the type of paging to be received (e.g. numerical and textual) and any additional service (e.g. message storage) that is to be included.

Minicall Privat is a subscription-free numerical service, which is available from Generic Mobile.

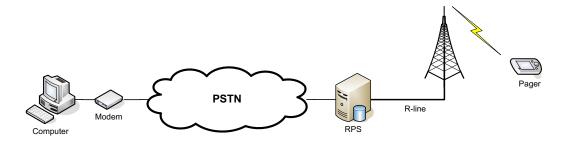
3.1 Access to Minicall

MessitTM Larm/Modempool offers one way to send Minicall messages via the PSTN network and that is via a computer. The computer must use an application based on the data protocol UCP and a connection to Generic Mobile's Minicall switch, you can send freely composed messages containing a maximum of 400 characters. For computer access, see section send messages from your own computer

3.1.1 Send messages from your own computer

It is possible to send Minicall messages from a computer with appropriate software. This software must be based on the data protocol UCP. Access is provided via dialled connections within the public telephone.

In order to use dialled connections you will need a subscription and a modem.



Valid telephone numbers for dialled PSTN connection are as follows:

Number	Baudrate	Price	Minicall/ session
+46 740 96 00 00	1.2K - 56K	SEK 30	1
+46 740 91 00 91	1.2K - 56K	SEK 150	2
+46 740 93 00 00	1.2K - 56K	SEK 150	2
+46 740 93 01 00	1.2K – 56K	SEK 150	2
+46 740 93 02 00	1.2K - 56K	SEK 150	2
+46 740 93 10 00	1.2K - 56K	SEK 150	2
	+46 740 96 00 00 +46 740 91 00 91 +46 740 93 00 00 +46 740 93 01 00 +46 740 93 02 00	+46 740 96 00 00	+46 740 96 00 00 1.2K - 56K SEK 30 +46 740 91 00 91 1.2K - 56K SEK 150 +46 740 93 00 00 1.2K - 56K SEK 150 +46 740 93 01 00 1.2K - 56K SEK 150 +46 740 93 02 00 1.2K - 56K SEK 150

Table 2, Phone number for Minicall

4 MessitTM Larm/Modempool web application

It is possible to access $Messit^{TM}$ Larm/Modempool web application via the internet

(http://www.genericmobile.se/messit__larm__modempool.aspx) where the customer can administrate how, when and to who the message shall be sent to. The service is free and it is possible for the user to create an account on Generic Mobile home page (www.genericmobile.se). The registration is being carried out under "Företag -> MessitTM meddelandetjänster -> MessitTM Larm/Modempool -> Tilläggstjänster". The web application can only be used on the phone numbers marked with index 2 in table on page 7 above.

After the user has logged in a page like this shall appear in the internet browser.



To use the services in MessitTM Larm/Modempool web application the following step has to be done.

- 1. First an alarm device has to be added under "Lägg till ny larmsändare". Here must the transmitter device phone number be added together with all the phone numbers that the device shall send the SMS/Minical to. This information must be exactly the same as the information configured in the alarm device.
- 2. Under "Ange mottagare" shall all the recipients for the web application be added. The user can choose between SMS, e-mail and Minicall recipients. The maximum amount of recipients configured is depending on the amount of recipients configured under paragraph one. The total amount of messages that can be sent including the phone numbers configured in the alarm device and from the web application are any of these three combinations:
 - a. 2 Minicall messages
 - b. 1 Minicall message and 5 SMS/e-mail messages
 - c. 15 SMS/e-mail messages
- 3. It is also possible to configure when a message shall be sent to a recipient, for example only during office time. This feature is called duty planning (Jourplanering). It is also possible to configure a recipient for "vacation" and during that time period the recipient won't receive any messages or vice versa. This feature is found under "Jourplanering"

5 The UCP protocol

The UCP (Universal Computer Protocol) specifies the application layer⁵ between a computer running a SMS application and SMSC or a Minicall application and System T. In addition to the application, a simple packet structure including error correction is part of the protocol. UCP is useful in different public data networks e.g. in Unidata Datapak and on dialled PSTN connections.

This chapter describes the structure of the protocol and the supported operations and results for SMS. UCP for SMS is a subset of UCP specified by ETSI with some extended functionality. The data protocol UCP is part of the European pager/paging standard ERMES (protocol ETS 300 133). The ETSI UCP specification can be downloaded from http://www.etsi.org.

(B)

Note! If there are any discrepancies between the UCP description in this document and that in and the ETCI UCP specification, the latter will be valid.

(B)

Note! Operation 30, "SMS Message Transfer" operation, is addition to UCP supported by SMSC. These operation is therefore only described in this manual and not in the ETSI UCP specification.

5.1 Operations and results

Communication on the application level is based on transactions. One transaction consists of one operation and the corresponding result. To separate various transactions and to avoid duplication of operations in case of communication errors, every operation must contain a transaction number. The number of the operation will also be part of the corresponding result. The purpose of the transaction number is to combine one result with its corresponding operation.

A transaction sequence is initiated by the computer sending an operation (e.g. a SMS message). The sender then awaits a result from the receiver, i.e. SMSC in this case. SMSC in supposed to accept or reject the received message. After controlling the semantics, the checksum and the syntax of the message, SMSC will return a result containing the same transaction number.

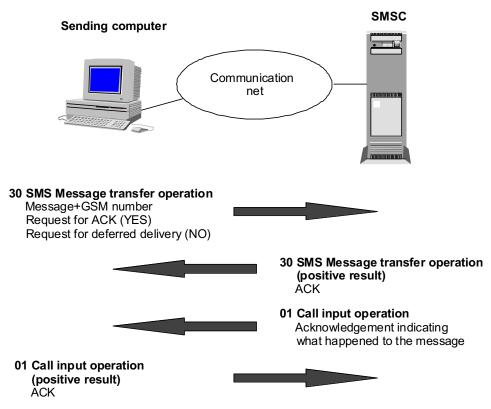
The result of an accepted operation varies depending on the type of operation. The result of a rejected operation is a result containing the appropriate error information.

⁵ The application layer is layer number seven of the ISO OSI model.

The result must also be accepted. Semantics, checksum and syntax are therefore verified. A communication failure may cause a checksum error or a time-out. In such a case the operation or result should be retransmitted with the same transaction number. Even if a checksum error occurs in the result, the operation may still have arrived correctly.

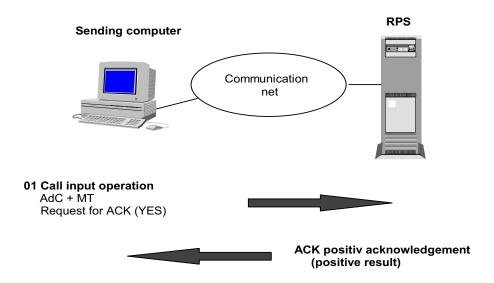
An ordinary transaction sequence is illustrated in the following figure. The computer sends an operation (30) with a SMS message requesting an acknowledgement. The acknowledgement should indicate the outcome of the transfer. SMSC returns a result telling that the message (i.e. the operation) has arrived. After this, SMSC will send an operation (01) containing the appropriate acknowledgement. The sender of the original message should respond to SMSC with a result (ACK or NAK).

Transaction sequence



Exchange of operations and results

Transaction sequence Minicall



5.2 Message format description

Every message (i.e. operation or result) must consist of:

START HEADER DATA CHECKSUM STOP

The start character shall be "STX" (02 hex)

The stop character shall be "ETX" (03 hex)

The header and data field consist of parameters terminated by the character '/' (2F hex).

A parameter may consist of list of items. The items shall then be separated by a character ',' (2C hex).

No parameter terminator shall be sent between the STX and the header, or between the checksum and ETX.

The two separators, '/' and ',' are not allowed in the content of a parameter.

Non-printable characters, e.g. control characters, are not allowed in the header or in the data field.

The checksum is described in paragraph checksum.

5.2.1 Header

The header must comprise four fixed length parameters. The parameters should be separated by the character '/' (2F hex).



Note! All parameters described are mandatory and a value must be assigned to each of them.

Parameter	Type	Description
TRN	2 num. char.	Transaction number
LEN	5 num. char.	Total number of IA5 characters between STX and ETX. The length shall be right justified with leading zeros.
O/R	'O' or 'R'	'O' indicates operation and 'R' indicates result
OT	2 num. char.	Operation type as defined in paragraph operations.

5.2.2 Operations

UCP for SMS consists of the following operations:

- 01 Call input operation
- 03 Call input operation with supplementary service operation
- 30 SMS message transfer operation

Operations 01 and 03 are identical to those of UCP specified for ERMES (by ETSI). Not all parameters in the operations are relevant to SMS. Operation 30 is additional and allows the sender to request an acknowledgement when the message reaches the receiving Mobile Station.

All other operations (00, 02, 04-21) will generate a result with error code 03, "Operation not supported by system".

5.2.3 Data field

The data field varies in format and length depending on the operation or result specified in the message header. The data field consists of a number of parameters separated by the character '/' (2F hex).

A parameter may contain a list of items. The items shall be separated by the character ',' (2C hex).

An essential parameter (E) must have a value.

An optional parameter (O) may or may not have a value. If it has no value the parameter is empty. Only the separator ('/') is put in that parameter's position.

Unsupported parameters (see the examples below) are treated as empty optional parameters.

Example

Operation 30, "SMS message transfer operation" looks like this:

Parameter	Type	Description
AdC	String of num. char.	Address code of recipient. GSM number of the message receiver
OAdC	String of num.char.	Address code of originator. GSM number of the message sender. Depending on the implementation in the MS of the receiver, this number may appear on the display.
AC	empty	Not supported
NRq	empty, '0' or '1'	Notification Request. Flag indicating request for acknowledgement. '/' or '0' indicates no acknowledgement, '1' indicates acknowledgement requested.
NAd	empty	Not supported
NPID	empty	Not supported
DD	empty, '0' or '1'	Deferred delivery request. Flag indicating request for deferred delivery. '/' or '0' indicates no delay, '1' indicates deferred delivery requested.
DDT	DDMMYY HHmm	Deferred delivery time. Time when deferred delivery is desired. This parameter is mandatory when DD is equal to '1'.

VP	DDMMYY HHmm	Valid period. Specifies how long the message should be stored in SMSC. This parameter should indicate the absolute time when the message should be purged. No relative time setting is allowed. Default and max. time are currently 72 h.
AMsg	1-160 characters	Alphanumeric Message. Text message to be sent. It should be coded according to the conversion table for IA5 characters.

Example

The text "Hello" should be sent in parameter AMsg (See **conversion table for ia5 characters** below for references.):

- a) Character 'H' should be translated to IA5. Look for 'H' in IA5 table.
- b) Convert 'H' to 7 bit code. The result is (b7-b1): "100 1000".
- c) The 7 bit code is made into hexadecimal characters. "100 1000" gives "48".
- d) Convert the rest of the text, i.e. "ello", in the same way.
- e) The text message "Hello" will become "48656C6C6F" These are the characters to be sent to SMSC in the AMsg field.

⁶ Note that a IA5 table is not identical to an ASCII table, even if there are many similarities.

Conversion table for IA5 characters

			b 7	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
			0 /	Ů				1	1	1	1
			b6	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
			b5	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
b3	b2	b1		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	0	0	0	@	Δ	< _{Sp} >	0	i	P	i	p
0	0	1	1	£	<dc1></dc1>	!	1	A	Q	a	q
0	1	0	2	\$	Φ	"	2	В	R	b	r
0	1	1	3	¥	Γ	#	3	С	S	c	S
1	0	0	4	è	Λ	¤	4	D	Т	d	t
1	0	1	5	é	Ω	%	5	Е	U	e	u
1	1	0	6	ù	П	&	6	F	V	f	v
1	1	1	7	ì	Ψ	,	7	G	W	g	W
0	0	0	8	ò	Σ	(8	Н	X	h	X
0	0	1	9	Ç	Θ)	9	I	Y	i	У
0	1	0	10	<1f>	Ξ	*	:	J	Z	j	Z
0	1	1	11	Ø	<esc></esc>	+	;	K	Ä	k	ä
1	0	0	12	Ø	Æ	,	<	L	Ö	1	ö
1	0	1	13	<cr></cr>	æ	-	=	M	Ñ	m	ñ
1	1	0	14	Å	В		>	N	Ü	n	ü
1	1	1	15	å	É	/	?	О	§	О	à
	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	b3 b2 b1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 2 0 1 1 1 0 0 4 1 1 1 0 6 1 1 7 0 0 8 0 0 1 0 1 9 0 1 1 1 0 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	b6 0 b5 0 b3 b2 b1 0 0 0 0 0 @ 0 0 1 1 £ 0 1 0 2 \$ 0 1 1 3 ¥ 1 0 0 4 è 1 1 0 6 ù 1 1 7 ì 0 0 0 8 ò 0 0 1 9 Ç 0 1 0 10 <if> 0 1 1 1 Ø 1 0 0 12 Ø 1 0 1 13 <cr> 1 0 1 1 1 0 14 Å</cr></if>	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					

5.2.4 Checksum

The checksum shall be derived by the addition of all bytes of the header and the data fields (including separators). The eight Least Significant Bits of the result are then represented as two printable characters. For example, if the checksum is 13A hex, then the '1' is

dropped and the remaining characters are sent as characters '3' (33 hex) and 'A' (41 hex) with the most significant character sent first.

Note! The checksum is calculated when the message (AMsg) has been converted to hexadecimal code.

The checksum can be calculated using the following algorithm described in programme language C notation:

```
function CheckSum(s : string) : integer;
var

    ptr : integer;
    ChkSum : integer;
begin

Chksum:=0;
    for ptr:=1 to Length(s) do
        begin

ChkSum:=(ChkSum + ord(s[ptr])) mod 256;
    end;
    CheckSum:=ChkSum;
end;
```

The hex codes for each character of the operation or result are added modulo 256. The sum is then converted to hexadecimal code and this value is inserted in the checksum field.

6 Valid operations for SMS

UCP as specified by ETSI, consists of a total of 22 operations (ETS 300 133-3:1992). However only certain parts are offered. For SMS some additional operations have been specified, namely operation 30.

Operations

UCP/UCP+ for **GSM** Text consists of 3 operations:

- **01** Call input operation
- 03 Call input with supplementary services
- **30** SMS Message Transfer Operation

6.1 5.1. Description of valid operations, SMS

This section gives a detailed description of the functionality for UCP-operations allowed in SMS.

All other operations that are specified for UCP by ETSI, will give error code 03, "Operation not supported by system".

6.1.1 Operations 01, 03 and 30

See list **operational parameters op. 01, 03, 30** for parameter descriptions. Results are described in Positive result descriptions op. 01, 03, 30 and Negative result descriptions op. 01, 03, 30.

See Valid operations matrix for op. 01, 03, 30 for which parameters (in the data-field) that are part of the operations.

Possible results per operation are shown in tables Positive results and Negative results respectively.

6.1.2 Call input (01)

SMSC uses this operation to send a confirmation that it has received a message. The operation may also be used to send messages without a request for notification or for deferred transmission.

6.1.3 Call input with supplementary services operation (03)

SMSC uses this operation to send a message with deferred transmission. The operation can also be carried out by operation 30. No notification is given for this operation.

6.1.4 SMS Message Transfer operation (30)

SMSC uses this operation to send a message together with a request for notification. Notification is returned as soon as the message has been transmitted. Deferred delivery messages are possible.

Operational parameters op. 01, 03, 30

Parameter	Description
AdC	Address code, recipient, 10-15 digits. Mandatory parameter.
OAdC	Address Code, originator.
NRq	Flag indicating if notification is requested. Set to '1' if notification is requested, otherwise '/' or '0'.
DD	Deferred delivery request. Set to '1'.
DDT	Deferred delivery time, DDMMYYhhmm. Not more than seven days (168h) forward. Mandatory parameter if DD is set to '1'.
VP	Validity period DMMYYhhmm. Maximum 3 days (72h), same as default value.
MT	Message type. Type 2 (numeric) and type 3 (alphanumeric) are supported. Mandatory parameter.
NMsg	Numeric message. Not recommended since numeric messages are more easily sent as alphanumeric.
AMsg	Alphanumeric message, 1-160 characters long.

Positive result descriptions op. 01, 03, 30

Parameter	Description
ACK	Positive notification, always represented by character 'A'.
MVP	Modified Validity Period DDMMYYhhmm. Reply if VP is specified to above maximum.
SM	System Message. In this field, the unique time-stamp for the message is replied as follows: "0705XXXXXXX:DDMMYYhhmmss".

Negative result descriptions op. 01, 03, 30

Parameter	Description
NAC	Negative notification, always represented by the character 'N'.
EC	Error Code, see table <i>Error codes applicable to each operation</i> .
SM	Not applicable!

Valid operations matrix for 01, 03 and 30

valu operations matrix for 01, 03 and 50					
Parameter	Operation		on	Comments	
	01	03	30		
AdC	Е	Е	Е		
OAdc	0	0	0		
NRq			0		
NPL				Always "0" if operation 03 is used	
DD		0	0		
DDT		E	Е	Mandatory parameter if DD is set to "1".	
VP			0		
MT	E	E			
NMsg	0	0		Not recommended	
AMsg	0	0	0	See Note for operation 01 below	

E = Essential, O = Optional, empty box = not supported.



Note for operation 01.

AMsg may have a length of 1–160 characters, if the operation is used for transmission of messages.

If used for notifications, any of the following three messages (hexcode), may be received from SMSC:

Delivered: "1 Meddelande till (abonnentnr): Mottaget"

Buffered: "2 Meddelande till (abonnentnr): Lagrat"

Can not be sent: "3 Meddelande till (abonnentnr): Kan ej skicka p.g.a. fel"

Notification messages begin with a digit. This digit will not be altered in future versions. The message text may change, however. Generic Mobile's recommendation is that the notification messages be fully displayed as transmitted from SMSC. The maximum length for a notification message is one hundred and sixty (160) positions, i. e. as for a regular AMsg.

Examples of reason for error:

Wrong GSM mobile station number.

The subscriber equipment lacks the necessary functionality.

Positive result

Parameter	Operations			Comments
	01	03	30	
ACK	Х	Х	Х	
MVP			Х	
SM	Х	Х	Х	

Negative result

Parameter	Operations			Comments
	01	03	30	
EC	Х	Х	Х	
NAC	Х	Х	Х	

6.2 SMS Message Transfer operation (30) example

This example illustrate a string containing operation 30. A demonstration telephone number has been used (0739094960). This number may be used for test purposes, by application developers. Kindly note that the number given is not associated with any GSM mobile station, which implies that the response will be as follows:

2 Meddelande till (abonnentnr): Lagrat⁷

The example string looks like this, when it is transmitted to SMSC (the message "Test n" in hex-code):

<stx>01/00058/0/30/0739094960/060123456//1////54657374206E/33<etx>

Parameter	Description
<stx></stx>	Start character (02 hex) not calculated into the
	checksum.
01/	Transaction reference number (TRN).
00058/	total number of IA5 characters between <stx> and</stx>
	<etx> (LEN).</etx>
0/	Denotes operation (O/R).
30/	Operation type (OT).
0739094960/	Address code, recipient (AdC).
060123456/	Address code, originator (OAdC).
/	Empty parameter, not applicable (AC).
1/	Flag indicating that notification is requested (NRq).
/	Empty parameter, not applicable (NAd).
/	Empty parameter, not applicable (NPID).
/	Empty parameter (DD). Indicates request for
	deferred delivery when initiated.

² Message to (subscriber no.): Stored

23

/	Empty parameter (DDT). Indicates deferred delivery time.
/	Empty parameter (VP). Validity period DDMMYYhhmmss.
54657374206E/	The message "Test n" translated to hex-code (AMsg).
33	Checksum.
<etx></etx>	Stop character (03 hex) not calculated into the checksum.

We transmitted the sample string to SMSC at 7.02.15 Dec. 13 1994, and received the following correct communication:

First, a positive result from SMSC on SMS Message transfer operation (30):

<stx>00/00042/R/30/A//739094960:131294070215/11<etx>

Parameter	Description
<stx></stx>	Start character (02 hex) not calculated into the checksum.
00/	Transaction reference number (TRN).
00042/	Total number of IA5 characters between <stx> and <etx> (LEN).</etx></stx>
R/	Denotes result (O/R).
30/	Operation type (OT).
A/	Notification, positive result (ACK).
/	Empty parameter since Validity Period has not been modified by SMSC (MVP).
739094960:1312 94070215/	System message with the unique time-stamp for the message (SM).
11	Checksum.
<etx></etx>	Stop character (03 hex) not calculated into the checksum.

Thereafter 01 Call input operation is received, containing notification 2 (hex-code), from SMSC:

<stx>00/00290/0/01/60123456///3/322047534D2D61626F6E6E656E74656E20303730353930303031207B7220696E746520616E74727B66666261722C206D656E206D656464656C616E646574206861722073706172617473206F6368206E796120667C72737C6B2061747420736B69636B61206D656464656C616E64657420677C7261206175746F6D617469736B74/82<etx>

Parameter	Description
<stx></stx>	Start character (02 hex) not calculated into the checksum.
00/	Transaction reference number (TRN).
00290/	Total number of IA5 characters between <stx> and <etx> (LEN).</etx></stx>
0/	Denotes operation (O/R).
01/	Operation type (OT).
60123456/	Address code, recipient of notification (AdC).
/	Empty parameter (Oadc). Indicates address code of originator, when initiated.
/	Empty parameter, not applicable (AC).
3/	Message type (MT).
322047534D2D61	Alphanumeric (text) message in hex-code
626F6E6E656E74	containing notification 2 since the recipient is
656E2030373035	not available.
39303030303120	
7B7220696E7465	
20616E74727B66	
666261722C206D	
656E206D656464	
656C616E646574	
20686172207370 6172617473206F	
6368206E796120	
667C72737C6B20	
61747420736B69	
636B61206D6564	
64656C616E6465	
7420677C726120	
6175746F6D6174	
69736B74/	
82	Checksum.
<etx></etx>	Stop character (03 hex) not calculated into the checksum.

Finally, the originator transmits a 01 Call input operation, positive result to SMSC:

<stx>01/00019/R/01/A//69<etx>

Parameter	Description
<stx></stx>	start character (02 hex) not calculated into the checksum.
01/	Transaction reference number (TRN).
00019/	Total number of IA5 characters between <stx> and <etx> (LEN).</etx></stx>
R/	Denotes result (O/R).
01/	Operation type (OT).
A/	Notification, positive result (ACK).
/	Empty parameter since the originator is not sending a system message (SM).
69	Checksum.
<etx></etx>	Stop character (03 hex) not calculated into the checksum.

...end of communication

7 Valid operations for Minicall

UCP as specified by ETSI, consists of a total of 22 operations (ETS 300 133-3:1992). However only certain parts are offered. Users with a send or a receive subscription are allowed to send or receive messages containing up to 400 characters respectively.

UCP for Minicall message consists of 4 operations:

- **00** Enquiry operation
- **01** Call input operation
- **07** Password management
- 14 Message retrieval

7.1 Description of valid operations, Minicall

All other operations will be responded to by the error code 03 "Operation not supported by system".

7.1.1 Enquiry operation (00)

This operation is used by a calling party to obtain the status of and features related to subscribers.

See list **operational parameters** for parameter description. Results are described in **positive result descriptions** and

negative result descriptions.

7.1.2 Call input operation (01)

This operation is used for call input when no supplementary service is requested.

See list **operational parameters** for parameter description. Results are described in **positive result descriptions** and

negative result descriptions.

7.1.3 Password management operation (07)

This operation is used by subscribers in order to change their access code. The parameter AC is the same as the password. See list **operational parameters** for parameter description. Results are described in **positive result descriptions** and

negative result descriptions.

7.1.4 Message retrieval operation (14)

This operation is used by MS to retrieve stored messages.

See list **operational parameters** for parameter description. Results are described in **positive result descriptions** and

negative result descriptions.

Operational parameters

Parameter	Description
AdC	Address code, recipient (including area code). Indicates to which MS receiver the text message shall be sent.
OAdC	Address code, originator. Indicates from whom the text message has been sent.
AC	Authentication code for sender subscription or for receiver.
LAC	Legitimisation code for special operations.
L1P	New legitimisation code for level 1 priority.
L3P	New legitimisation code for level 3 priority.
LUM	New legitimisation code for urgent message acceptance. (Not supported by Generic Mobile)
MT	Message type. 1 = tone only, 2 = numeric message, 3 = alphanumeric message, 4 = transparent data ⁸ .
Nmsg	Numeric message. The parameter length has a max. of 20 digits.
Amsg	Alphanumeric message. The parameter length is max. 400 characters encoded according to the Conversion table for IA5 characters.
NAC	New Authentication code.
Mno	Message number to be transmitted or the first and last message numbers (i.e. the message interval) to be retrieved.

Positive result descriptions

Parameter	Description			
ACK	Positive acknowledgement represented by 'A'.			

⁸ Transparent data not supported

Msg:s List of parameters. Each parameter consists of 4 items separated by ','.

Msg:s

MN Message number of the retrieved message.

Msg:s

MT Message type.

Msg:s

SDT Stored date and time (DDMMYYhhmm).

Msg:s

MP Message part encoded according to the type of

message.

SM System message.

Negative result descriptions

Parameter	Description
NAC	1) Negative acknowledgement represented by 'N'.
EC	Error code see table Error codes applicable to each operation in appendix B.
SM	System message.

Valid operations matrix for Minicall

Parameter	Operations			S	Comments
	00	01	07	14	
AdC	Е	Е	Е	Е	
OAdC	0	0			
AC	0	0	Е	Е	
MT		Ш			
NPL					
RAd:s					
A/D					
NAC			Е		New AC
LAC					
L1P					
L3P					
Mno				Е	
R/T				Е	

E = Essential, O = Optional, empty box = not supported.

Positive result

Parameter	Operations			Comments	
	00	01	07	14	
ACK	Е	Е	Е	Ш	
NPL				Ш	
RAd:s					
Msg:s				0	
Msg:s MN				0	If Msg:s available
Msg:s MT				0	If Msg:s available
Msg:s SDT				0	If Msg:s available
Msg:s MP				0	If Msg:s available
RT	Е				
SM		0	0	0	

Negative result

Parameter	Operations			
	00	01	07	14
NAC	Е	Е	Е	Е
EC	Е	Е	Е	Е
SM	0	0	0	0

7.2 Description of parameters in each valid operation

This example illustrates strings that contain valid operations.

7.2.1 Call input operation (01)

The example string looks like this, when it is transmitted to the Minicall system (the message "Test n" in hex-code):

<stx>01/00044/O/01/0746000000///3/54657374206E/5A<etx>

Parameter	Description
<stx></stx>	Start character (02 hex) not calculated into the checksum.
01/	Transaction reference number (TRN).
00044/	total number of IA5 characters between <stx> and <etx> (LEN).</etx></stx>
0/	Denotes operation (O/R).
01/	Operation type (OT).
0746000000/	Address code, recipient (AdC).
3/	Message type. 1= tone only, 2= numeric message, 3= alphanumeric message (MT).
54657374206E/	The message "Test n" translated to hex-code (Amsg).
5A	Checksum
<etx></etx>	Stop character (03 hex) not calculated into the checksum.

Appendix A. Glossary of terms

CEPT European Conference of Postal and

Telecommunications Administrations.

DTMF Dual Tone Multifrequency Signaling. Basis for

operation of pushbutton telephone sets. A method of signaling in which a matrix combination of two frequencies, each from a group of four, is used to transmit numerical

address information.

ERMES EuRopean MEssage System is a programme

sponsored by the Commission of the European

Communities for a Pan-European radio(-paging) message system.

ETSI European Telecommunications Standards

Institute. The European standards organisation

for telecommunication.

GSM Global System for Mobile communications.

Originally this abbreviation was used for the Technical Committee responsible to the European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI), which is elaborating the

standard.

ISO International Organisation for

Standardisation. Technical agency of the United Nations concerned with international standardisation in a broad range of industries. ISO's Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Reference Model establishes guidelines for

network architectures.

Minicall The name of Generic Mobile's paging system

which allows tone, numeric and text paging.

OSI Open Systems Interconnection. ISO's

Reference Model for a seven-layer network architecture used for the definition of network protocol standards enabling all OSI-compliant computers or devices to communicate with

each other.

PSTN Public Switched Telephone Network. The

ordinary telephone network.

SIS Subscriber Identification Security number. A

unique security code for each telephone equipment. The authentication procedure between an exchange and a mobile station (at

call origination) uses the SIS number.

SME Short Message Entity. An entity which may

send or receive messages. The SME may be located in a fixed network, a mobile network or

a service centre.

SMS Short Message Service. The name of a GSM

service allowing short messages (max. 160 characters) being sent to GSM phones.

SMSC Short Message Service Centre. A node in the

GSM network providing the SMS service.

System T A node in the Minicall network providing the

Minicall text service.

UCP Universal Computer Protocol. Part of the

European paging standard ERMES (ETS 300

133), provided by ETSI.

Appendix B. Error codes

Error code descriptions

- 01 Checksum error
- 02 Syntax error
- 03 Operation not supported by system
- 04 Operation not allowed
- 05 Call barring active
- 06 AdC not valid
- 07 Authentication failure
- 08 Legitimisation code for all calls, failure
- 09 GA not valid
- 10 Repetition not allowed
- 11 Legitimisation code for repetition, failure
- 12 Priority call not allowed
- 13 Legitimisation code for priority call, failure
- 14 Urgent message not allowed
- 15 Legitimisation code for urgent message, failure
- 16 Reverse charging not allowed
- 17 Legitimisation code for reverse charging, failure
- 18 Deferred delivery not allowed
- 19 New AC not valid
- 20 New legitimisation code not valid
- 21 Standard text not valid
- 22 Time period not valid
- 23 Message type not supported by system

24 Message too long

- 25 Requested standard text not valid
- 26 Message type not valid for the pager type
- 27 Message not found in SMSC
- 30 Subscriber hang-up
- 31 Fax group not supported
- 32 Fax message type not supported

Error codes applicable to each operation in SMS

Error	Operations				
Code	01	03	30		
01	Х	Х	Х		
02	Х	Х	Х		
04	Х	Х	Х		
05	Х	Х	Х		
06	Х	Х	Х		
09		Х			
10		Х			
12		Х			
14		Х			
16		Х			
22		Х	X		
23	X	Х			
24	X	Х	X		

Error codes applicable to each operation in Minicall

Error	Operations 00 01 07 14			
Code	00	01	07	14
01	Х	X	X X X	Х
02	Χ	Χ	Х	Х
03	X X X		Х	X X X
04	Χ		Х	Х
05		Χ		
06	Х	X X X	Х	Х
07	Х	Χ	X	Х
80		Χ		
09				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19			Х	
20				
21				
22				
23				
24	Х			
25				
Code 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Χ			

The information contained in this manual is subject to change without notice. Generic Mobile makes no warranty of any kind with regard to this material, including, but not limited to, the implied warranty of fitness for a particular purpose. Generic Mobile shall not be liable for errors contained herein or for incidental or consequential damages in connection with the furnishing, performance or use of this material. Generic Mobile, Minicall and Messit are trademarks owned by Generic Mobile Sweden AB. All other trademarks, service marks, registered trademarks or registered service marks mentioned in this document are the property of their respective owners.